IN THE CLAIMS

Kindly cancel claims 2 and 12, without prejudice to, or disclaimer of, the subject matter therein, amend claims 1, 3, 11, 13 and 19 and add new claims 20-32 as follows.

The following is a complete listing of revised claims with a status identifier in parenthesis.

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A hybrid telecommunications switch apparatus comprising:

one or more circuit switch fabrics,

one or more packet switch fabrics,

a controller configured to examine traffic overhead information to determine which of said switch fabric types to route the traffic to; and to route telecommunications traffic to one or the other of the said circuit or packet switch fabrics upon making a determination.

- 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of elaim 2 claim 1 wherein the overhead information is a SONET/SDH path overhead byte.
- 4. (Original) The apparatus of claim 3 wherein the overhead byte is a C2 overhead byte.

- 5. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the circuit switch fabric is a synchronous transport signal (STS) crossconnect.
- 6. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the packet switch fabric is configured to switch internet protocol (IP) or asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) traffic.
- 7. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 further comprising a plurality of circuit switch fabrics.
- 8. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the controller is configured to examine a path overhead byte associated with received traffic and to thereby determine whether the traffic is ATM, IP, or STM traffic.
- 9. (Original) The apparatus of claim 8 wherein the controller is configured to dynamically allocate circuit switch resources to ATM traffic to route the traffic to a packet switch fabric for switching.
- 10. (Original) The apparatus of claim 9 wherein the controller is configured to dynamically allocate circuit switch resources to IP traffic to route the traffic to a packet switch fabric for switching.

- 11. (Currently Amended) A method of switching telecommunications traffic in a hybrid switch including [[an]] <u>a</u> (circuit) circuit switch fabric, [[an]] <u>a</u> packet switch fabric, and a controller, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (A) provisioning the circuit switch fabric for IP, ATM, and circuit traffic,
- (B) determining examining traffic overhead information to determine whether received traffic is IP, ATM, or circuit traffic, and
- (C) switching the received traffic in [[an]] <u>a</u> packet of circuit switch fabric in response to the determination of step (B).
 - 12. (Cancelled)
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method of elaim 12 claim 11 wherein the step [[(B1)]] (B) further comprises the step of:

[[(B2)]] (B1) the controller examining [[an]] <u>a</u> SONET/SDH path overhead byte.

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the overhead byte is a C2 overhead byte.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the step (C) of switching comprises the step of:
 - (C1) the controller directing ATM traffic to a packet switch fabric.

- 16. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the step (C) of switching comprises the step of:
 - (C2) the controller directing IP traffic to a packet switch fabric.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the step (C) of switching comprises the step of:
- (C3) the controller directing traffic that is neither ATM or IP traffic to the circuit switch fabric.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the step (C) of switching comprises the step of:
- (C4) the controller dynamically allocating circuit switch resources to ATM traffic to route the traffic to a packet switch fabric for switching.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14 wherein the step(C) of switching comprises the step of:
- (C5) the controller dynamically allocate allocating circuit switch resources to IP traffic to route the traffic to a packet switch fabric for switching.
 - 20. (New) A hybrid telecommunications switch apparatus comprising: one or more circuit switch fabrics,

one or more packet switch fabrics,

a controller configured to examine traffic overhead information to determine which of said switch fabric types to route the traffic to; and to route telecommunications traffic to one or the other of the said circuit or packet switch fabrics upon making a determination,

wherein the overhead information comprises a SONET/SDH path, C2 overhead byte.

- 21. (New) The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the circuit switch fabric is a synchronous transport signal (STS) crossconnect.
- 22. (New) The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the packet switch fabric is configured to switch internet protocol (IP) or asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) traffic.
- 23. (New) The apparatus of claim 20 further comprising a plurality of circuit switch fabrics.
- 24. (New) The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the controller is further configured to examine the path overhead byte to determine whether the traffic is ATM, IP, or STM traffic.
- 25. (New) The apparatus of claim 24 wherein the controller is further configured to dynamically allocate circuit switch resources to ATM traffic to route the traffic to a packet switch fabric for switching.
- 26. (New) The apparatus of claim 25 wherein the controller is further configured to dynamically allocate circuit switch resources to IP traffic to route the traffic to a packet switch fabric for switching.

27. (New) A method of switching telecommunications traffic in a hybrid switch including a circuit switch fabric, a packet switch fabric, and a controller, the method comprising the steps of:

provisioning the circuit switch fabric for IP, ATM, and circuit traffic,

examining a SONET/SDH path, C2 overhead byte to determine whether received traffic is IP, ATM, or circuit traffic, and

switching the received traffic in a packet of circuit switch fabric in response to the determination of step (B).

- 28. (New) The method of claim 27 further comprising the step of directing ATM traffic to a packet switch fabric.
- 29. (New) The method of claim 27 further comprising the step of directing IP traffic to a packet switch fabric.
- 30. (New) The method of claim 27 further comprising the step of directing traffic that is neither ATM or IP traffic to the circuit switch fabric.
- 31. (New) The method of claim 27 further comprising the step of dynamically allocating circuit switch resources to ATM traffic to route the traffic to a packet switch fabric for switching.
- 32. (New) The method of claim 27 further comprising the step of dynamically allocating circuit switch resources to IP traffic to route the traffic to a packet switch fabric for switching.